# **Public Document Pack**



# Northern Area Planning Committee

**Date:** Tuesday, 16 February 2021

**Time:** 10.00 am

Venue: MS Team Live Event This meeting will be held remotely as an MS

Teams Live Event [please see link below]

Membership: (Quorum 6)

Sherry Jespersen (Chairman), Mary Penfold (Vice-Chairman), Jon Andrews, Tim Cook, Les Fry, Matthew Hall, Brian Heatley, Carole Jones, Emma Parker, Val Pothecary,

Belinda Ridout and David Taylor

**Chief Executive:** Matt Prosser, South Walks House, South Walks Road, Dorchester, Dorset DT1 1UZ (Sat Nav DT1 1EE)

For more information about this agenda please contact George Dare 01305 224185 - george.dare@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk



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Members of the public are invited to access this meeting with the exception of any items listed in the exempt part of this agenda.

This meeting will be held remotely as an Microsoft Teams Live Event.

# Northern Area Planning Committee Link

Members of the public are invited to make written representations provided that they are submitted to the Democratic Services Officer no later than **8.30am on Friday, 12 February 2021.** This must include your name, together with a summary of your comments and contain no more than 450 words.

If a councillor who is not on the Planning Committee wishes to address the committee, they will be allowed 3 minutes to do so and will be invited to speak before the applicant or their representative provided that they have notified the Democratic Services Officer by **8.30am** on Friday, 12 February 2021.

**Please note** that if you submit a representation to be read out on your behalf at the committee meeting, your name, together with a summary of your comments will be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Please refer to the guide to public participation at committee meetings for general information about speaking at meetings <u>Guidance to Public Speaking at a Planning Committee</u> and specifically the "*Covid-19 Pandemic – Addendum to the Guide to Public Speaking Protocol for Planning Committee meetings*" included as part of this agenda (see agenda item 4 - Public Participation).

# Using social media at virtual meetings

Anyone can use social media such as tweeting and blogging to report the meeting when it is open to the public.

# AGENDA

Page No.

# 1 APOLOGIES

To receive any apologies for absence.

# 2 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

To receive any declarations of interest.

**3 MINUTES** 5 - 16

To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 15 December 2020.

#### 4 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

17 - 18

To receive questions or statements on the business of the committee from town and parish councils and members of the public.

Public speaking has been suspended for virtual committee meetings during the Covid-19 crisis and public participation will be dealt with through written submissions only.

Members of the public who live, work, or represent an organisation within the Dorset Council area, may submit up to two questions or a statement of up to a maximum of 450 words. All submissions must be sent electronically to <a href="mailto:george.dare@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk">george.dare@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk</a> by the deadline set out below.

When submitting a question please indicate who the question is for and include your name, address, and contact details. Questions and statements received in line with the council's rules for public participation will be published as a supplement to the agenda.

Questions will be read out by an officer of the council and a response given by the appropriate Portfolio Holder or officer at the meeting. All questions, statements and responses will be published in full within the minutes of the meeting.

# The deadline for speaking at this meeting is 8.30am on Friday, 12 February 2021.

Please refer to the Guide to Public Speaking at Planning Committee and specifically the "Covid-19 Pandemic – Addendum to the Guide to Public Speaking Protocol for Planning Committee meetings" included with this agenda.

#### 5 PLANNING APPLICATIONS

To consider the applications listed below for planning permission.

# a 2/2020/0406/OUT, Land south of Lower Road, Stalbridge, 19 - 44 Dorset

To consider a report by the Head of Planning.

# 6 URGENT ITEMS

To consider any items of business which the Chairman has had prior notification and considers to be urgent pursuant to section 100B (4) b) of the Local Government Act 1972.

The reason for the urgency shall be recorded in the minutes.

#### 7 EXEMPT BUSINESS

To move the exclusion of the press and the public for the following item in view of the likely disclosure of exempt information within the meaning of paragraph 3 of schedule 12 A to the Local Government Act 1972 (as amended).

The public and the press will be asked to leave the meeting whilst the item of business is considered.



# DORSET COUNCIL - NORTHERN AREA PLANNING COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON TUESDAY 15 DECEMBER 2020

**Present:** Clirs Sherry Jespersen (Chairman), Mary Penfold (Vice-Chairman), Jon Andrews, Les Fry, Matthew Hall, Brian Heatley, Carole Jones, Val Pothecary, Belinda Ridout and David Taylor

**Apologies:** Cllrs Tim Cook and Emma Parker

Also present: Cllr Nocturin Lacey-Clarke, Cllr Byron Quayle and Cllr David Walsh

# Officers present (for all or part of the meeting):

Philip Crowther (Legal Business Partner - Regulatory), Robert Lennis (Area Lead (Major Projects) Eastern), Steve Savage (Transport Development Manager), Hannah Smith (Planning Area Manager), Emma Telford (Senior Planning Officer), Guy Tetley (Engineer (Development Liaison)), Megan Rochester (Democratic Services Officer Apprentice), Allison Sharpe (Business Support Officer) and Fiona King (Senior Democratic Services Officer)

# 21. Apologies

Apologies for absence were received from Tim Cook and Emma Parker.

#### 22. **Declarations of Interest**

No declarations of disclosable pecuniary interests were made at the meeting.

With regards to Item 5b, Cllr Hall declared an interest in respect of predetermination, as the Local Member and as a local resident. Cllr Hall undertook to not take part in the debate and agreed to speak only as the Local Member for this item.

# 23. Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 10 November 2020 were confirmed and signed.

# 24. Public Participation

Representations by the public to the Committee on individual planning applications are detailed below. There were no questions, petitions or deputations received on other items on this occasion.

# 25. Planning Applications

Members considered written reports submitted on planning applications as set out below.

# 26. **2/2020/0726/REM, Nordon, Salisbury Road, Blandford Forum, DT11**

The Area Lead Planning Officer introduced the application to erect 40no affordable homes with associated internal access, parking, gardens and open space. (Reserved Matters application to determine scale, appearance and landscaping; following the grant of Outline Planning Permission No. 2/2018/0981/OUT). The application was before members as the property was owned by the Council.

Members were advised that although the Blandford Neighbourhood Plan had progressed, outline planning permission had already been granted for this site, therefore this would not be revisited.

The scale of development was 2 storey buildings which was in keeping with the area.

The key planning matters were highlighted:-

- Appearance, Scale and Landscaping
- Neighbour amenity; and
- Heritage impact

An additional condition had been added regarding the 4 trees in front of units 1,2,3 and 4 which was highlighted to members.

Members were advised that highway matters had been previously agreed in the outline permission.

A number of written responses were received and are attached as an annexure to these minutes.

# **Local Member for Blandford**

Cllr Byron Quayle was speaking on behalf of himself and Cllr Noc Lacey Clarke.

He urged members to vote against the application, as he felt the site was over developed and would substantially change the town forever. The retention of trees was fundamental to this area along with the Nordon building. He was aware that outline permission for 40 dwellings had been given but felt that one-bedroom buildings would suit the area better. The original outline permission did not take into account the massive impact on traffic and his view did not address the needs of the town. He felt strongly that this was the wrong development.

The Chairman reminded members this was the final stage of this particular planning application. Matters of layout, demolition of the house, highways, access and the Section 106 Order had already been decided upon in 2018

and were not for discussion at this meeting. Members needed to focus on the appearance of the proposed units. The Section 106 Agreement had already been determined and specified only the amount of affordable housing. The Area Lead Planning Officer clarified the policy position in that just 30% was affordable. If there were attempts to try to secure any more in the Section 106, it could be taken out at a later date. Some providers did struggle to get more than 30% funding from Homes England. It was noted that Aster was a registered housing provider.

In response to some of the written representations, the Area Lead Planning Officer advised that the conservation area had not been ignored at the outline application. He also highlighted the large outdoor area play area highlighted. He also highlighted to members the group of trees that were being saved.

# Members comments and questions

Cllr Jones asked if Aster would have leeway of putting some of the properties at full market value. The Area Lead Planning Officer advised that the policy position was that officers could only secure 30% as affordable housing but had made an agreement with Aster for 100% affordable. If more than 30% was specified it could make it difficult for registered landlords to secure further funding from Homes England. The Chairman added that she was confident that it was Aster's intention to build affordable homes on this site as a registered housing provider. The Committee's Solicitor confirmed that the Council could only seek to secure policy compliant levels.

Cllr Ridout asked in relation to Condition 4, the Landscape Management Plan, how long was long term in respect of maintenance timescales? The Area Lead Planning Officer advised that he could liaise with the applicant to make it longer to say 20 years. It was also noted that the 4 trees that were being saved had been added to the Plan.

Cllr Taylor asked for clarification on the trees and the affordable homes aspect. The Area Lead Planning Officer highlighted the matters that were able to be discussed today and reiterated that access and layout had already been decided. Matters of scale e.g. height and volume of the buildings was to be determined today. With regards to appearance, he had worked with the Conservation Officer to secure amended schemes which had been detailed in his earlier presentation. The Landscaping Officer had also been consulted.

Cllr Fry asked if a condition could be included to ensure 100% affordable homes. The Area Planning Manager advised that placing such a condition would prohibit Aster being able to bring the scheme forward as 100% affordable. Following a question about whether Historic England had made any comment on the scheme the Area Lead Planning Officer advised that no further comments had been received, they had just reiterated their disappointment in the original application.

Cllr Fry highlighted there was nothing about renewable energies mentioned in the report. The Area Lead Planning Officer advised that planning officers did not have the leverage to insist on matters such as solar panels, this was for the developer and building regulations to take forward. Planning Officers do look for sustainable development and Blandford was a sustainable location to have this sort of development.

Cllr Andrews asked if a play area was deemed to be in a landscaping policy? The Area Lead Planning Officer advised that was part of what already had been decided and he understood the area was aimed more towards smaller children.

Cllr Heatley was also disappointed nothing was included on the energy performance of the development. The Area Lead Planning Officer advised that the developer has to meet building regulations and planning officers were not able to push the standards issue beyond what building regulations stipulate.

Cllr Ridout highlighted that members were looking for the best possible result and legacy for Blandford such as traditional design, feature buildings and the retention of a significant number of trees and although she was disappointed there was not more play area being provided she felt this had been achieved and was happy to support the proposal with the amendments as had been highlighted.

The Area Lead Planning Officer drew members attention to the update sheet which detailed some amendments to plan numbers.

**Proposed** Cllr Belinda Ridout **Seconded** Cllr Brian Heatley

#### **Decision**

That the application be approved subject to the conditions, and the revised conditions as detailed in the update sheet both outlined in the appendix to these minutes.

# 27. WD/D/19/001344, Land at Littlefield, Sherborne

#### Cllr Hall declared an interest in this application – predetermination

The Senior Planning Officer introduced the application to erect 10no. dwellings with associated amenity, landscaping and infrastructure including widening of the access road.

Key Planning issues were highlighted:-

- Principle of Development
- Affordable Housing
- Highways Safety; and
- Residential Amenity

There had been no objections from highways as any issues that had been raised had been addressed with a condition

Members' attention was drawn to the update sheet which included a slight amendment to condition 11 to allow more flexibility in the scheme for a pedestrian dropped kerb.

#### **Local Member for Sherborne**

Cllr Matt Hall

As an elected councillor for this area and a local resident he was very aware of the site. He supported building on this site and the types and numbers of dwellings. However, he did not support the application as by the side of Littlefield there was a long trail of vehicles that parked there regularly. He felt the road was effectively a blindspot and failed to see how the access was safe. He was struggling to see how large lorries would be able to access the site. He felt that the widening of the access road was a misnomer as it was not that part of the road that was the issue. With reference to the pedestrian access he felt this could have been widened. In his view the lack of a traffic management plan was unbelievable and should be added as a condition. He felt the 10 houses would feel imprisoned rather than part of the community and urged members to refuse.

In response to the highways issues raised by Cllr Hall, the Highways Engineer advised that Littlefield was not an unusual road in Dorset and visibility was acceptable and it was in a low speed environment. There were footways either side of the roadways and room for 2 vehicles to pass. He did not feel there were reasons to refuse on highways terms.

# Members comments and questions

Cllr Taylor felt the houses would be very overlooked.

Cllr Andrews made reference to the access road into Littlefield and felt the issues occurred outside of working hours. Nos 9 and 10 in the development were a 2 storey building which overlooked the gardens of 2 bungalows and he felt this would overshadow them. The Senior Planning Officer highlighted that there were only 2 small windows that would overlook the bungalows and they would have obscured glazing, one would also be fitted with a restrictor. She did not feel this would be a significant impact on those properties.

Cllr Fry asked if access via Noake Road had been considered. The Chairman reminded the councillor that the application being considered was the one before them. Cllr Fry was concerned with the proposed access in respect of emergency vehicles and refuse lorries being able to access the site. The Highways Engineer advised there was sufficient width and would be dealt with via building regulations.

In response to a question about space standards, the Senior Planning Officer confirmed that all dwellings met the minimum required space standards. It was also confirmed that the energy efficiency rating of the proposed properties sat outside the planning process.

Cllr Heatley considered whether a condition could be included around traffic management plan as he was concerned about lorries during the construction period. The Senior Planning Officer felt this was not necessary in this instance to make the scheme acceptable.

Cllr Andrews made reference to the fact that in the past the site was a garage site and emergency vehicles could not get through. He was concerned about this going ahead with this access and proposed refusal.

Cllr Fry suggested deferring the decision to ask planning officers to visit the site outside of working hours and to speak with the applicant to try and find a solution with regards to the access. The parking Manager was concerned members were trying to solve wider parking issues on a scheme for 10 dwellings. The Application was acceptable in highways terms and therefore felt it would be difficult to try and look at something that could impact on other highways. The issues around access would be dealt with through building regulations and would be covered by separate legislation.

The Area Lead Planning Officer felt the focus was more of amenity concerns in respect of inappropriate and inconsiderate parking.

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In terms of the NPFF, and with particular consideration to paragraph 109, highway safety and the residual cumulative impacts on the surrounding road network are material considerations. The Transport Liaison Development Manager highlighted that the issue with existing indiscriminate parking causing obstruction was a Police issue to enforce and control and that emergency vehicles should be able to get access the site. There is sufficient parking for this site which conforms with the Authority's guidance. He advised that, in his opinion, there are no sustainable highway reasons for refusal and that there are no highways cumulative impact issues

Following a discussion Cllr Andrews withdrew his proposal to refuse permission.

Cllr Jones felt there were no reasons to refuse permission due to inconsiderate parking and proposed the recommendation to grant. Cllr Penfold seconded this proposal. On being put to the vote this was not carried.

Cllr Fry proposed deferring the application for a site visit if possible, and further discussions with the applicant. He added that it would be helpful for officers, the applicant and the developer to meet out of hours to see the issues raised by members. Cllr Taylor seconded this proposal. On being put to the vote this was carried.

The Chairman thanked the officers for all the work done so far on this application.

Proposed Cllr Les Fry Seconded Cllr David Taylor

#### Decision

That the application be deferred for a site visit, if possible, and further discussions with the applicant.

28.	Urgent items
	There were no urgent items of business.
29.	Exempt Business
	There were no exempt items of business.
Durat	ion of meeting: 10.00 am - 12.30 pm
Chair	man
2	



APPLICATION NUMBER: 2/2020/0726/REM

APPLICATION SITE: Nordon, Salisbury Road, Blandford Forum, DT117UA

**PROPOSAL:** Erect 40 No. affordable homes with associated internal access, parking, gardens and open space. (Reserved Matters application to determine scale, appearance and landscaping; following the grant of Outline Planning Permission No. 2/2018/0981/OUT).

**Decision:** Approved, subject to conditions.

#### Conditions:

#### 1. Plans

The reserved matters application hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the following plans and drawings:

P.1.peB Plot 1 Floor Plans & Elevations

P.6-7.eB Plots 6-7 Elevations

P.6-7.pA Plots 6-7 Floor Plans

P.8-9.eB Plots 8-9 Elevations

P.8-9.pA Plots 8-9 Floor Plans

P.10.eB Plot 10 Elevations

P.10.pA Plot 10 Floor Plans

P.11-12.eB Plots 11-12 Elevations

P.11-12.pA Plots 11-12 Floor Plans

P.15-18.eA Plots 15-18 Elevations

P.15-18.pA Plots 15-18 Floor Plans

P.19-22.eB Plots 19-22 Elevations

P.19-22.pB Plots 19-22 Floor Plans

P.23-25.eB Plots 23-25 Elevations

P.23-25.pA Plots 23-25 Floor Plans

P.30-31.eA Plots 30-31 Elevations

P.30-31.pA Plots 30-31 Floor Plans

P.32-36.eB Plots 32-36 Elevations

P.32-36.pA Plots 32-36 Floor Plans

P.37.peB Plot 37 Floor Plans & Elevations

P.40.peB Plot 40 Floor Plans & Elevations

HT.A22 (2Blk)pA Housetype A22 Floor Plans

HT.A22 (2Blk)eA Housetype A22 Elevations

HT.A30 (2Blk)pA Housetype A30 Floor Plans

HT.A30 (2Blk)eA Housetype A30 Elevations

SL.01B Site Layout

DML.01B Dwelling Material Layout

BML.01C Boundary Materials Layout

CSL.01B Coloured Site Layout

BWD.01A Boundary Wall Detail

M335-301 P7 Landscape Plan Sheet 1 of 2

M335-302 P4 Landscape Plan Sheet 2 of 2

The following plans were submitted with the Reserved Matters Application for information but also form parts of the discharge of Conditions Applications

NBF-AKSW-XX-XX-DR-C-9010 P03 General Arrangement

NBF-AKSW-XX-XX-DR-C-9020 P07 Levels Layout.

The following plans were submitted in support of the application but are of an illustrative nature SE.01 Street Elevations Sheet 1 of 2 Page 13

CHTE.01A Coloured House Type Elevations CSE.01B Coloured Selected Elevations CSE.02A Coloured Selected Elevations CSE.02B Coloured Street Elevations 2 of 2

#### Additions

Plots 23-25:

Dwg no.: P.23-25.p Rev B
Dwg no.: P.23-25.e Rev C

Plots 32-36:

Dwg no.: P32-36.p Rev B
Dwg no.: P32-36.e Rev C

Materials Plan DML.01C

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

#### 2. Materials

No development above damp proof course shall take place until samples of the materials to be used in the construction of the external surfaces of the dwellings, garages and outbuildings hereby permitted have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details Reason: To ensure a satisfactory visual appearance of the development.

# 3. Sample Panel

No development above damp proof course shall be commenced until a sample panel measuring 1m x 1m until of the brickwork to infill the boundary wall along Salisbury Road as indicated on approved drawings BML.01 C and BWD.01A to confirm the brick type, manner of coursing and mortar mix has been erected on site and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The developer shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory visual appearance of the development.

# 4. Landscape Management

A landscape management plan, including long term design objectives, management responsibilities and maintenance schedules for all landscape areas, other than small, privately owned, domestic gardens, shall be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority prior to the first occupation of any dwelling for its permitted use. The landscape management plan shall be carried out as approved.

Reason: To ensure the provision, establishment and maintenance of a reasonable standard of landscape, in the interest of safeguarding the visual amenity and landscape qualities of the area.

#### Reasons for the Decision

Outline planning permission has already been granted for details relating to the principle of development, access, and layout.

This application provides details of: scale, appearance, and landscaping. Officers have negotiated amendments to make the proposed development acceptable in these terms.

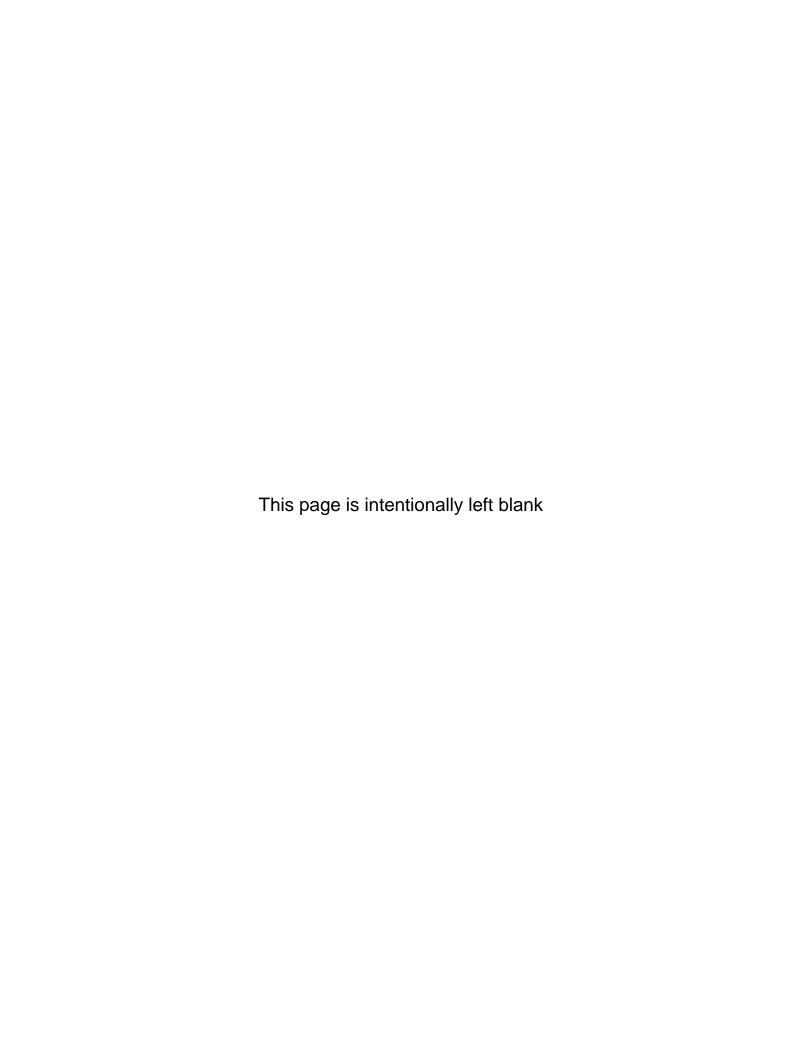
Additionally, in relation to the Blandford Forum Conservation Area, these details would have no harm to this heritage asset.

**APPLICATION NUMBER:** WD/D/19/001344

**APPLICATION SITE:** Land at, Littlefield, Sherborne

**PROPOSAL:** Erect 10no. dwellings with associated amenity, landscaping and infrastructure including widening of access road

**DECISION:** Deferred for a site visit, if possible, and further discussions with the applicant.



# Agenda Item 4

#### **Dorset Council**

# Covid-10 Pandemic – Addendum to the Guide to Public Speaking Protocol for Planning Committee meetings – effective from 20 July 2020

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic the council has had to put in place measures to enable the council's decision making processes to continue whilst keeping safe members of the public, councillors and council staff in accordance with the Government's guidance on social distancing by applying new regulations for holding committee meetings from remote locations.

The following procedures will apply to planning committee meetings until further notice, replacing where appropriate the relevant sections of the Guide to Public Speaking at Planning Committees:

- 1. While planning committee meetings are held remotely during the Coronavirus outbreak public participation will take the form of written statements (and not public speaking) to the committee.
- 2. If you wish to make a written statement is must be no more than 450 words with no attached documents and be sent to the Democratic Services Team by 8.30am two working days prior to the date of the committee i.e. for a committee meeting on a Wednesday written statements must be received by 8.30am on the Monday. The deadline date and the email contact details of the relevant democratic services officer can be found on the front page of the committee agenda. The agendas for each meeting can be found on the Dorset Council website https://moderngov.dorsetcouncil.gov.uk/mgListCommittees.aspx?bcr=1
- 3. During this period the council can only accept written statements via email and you should continue to bear in mind the guidance in the public speaking guide when preparing your representation.
- 4. The first three statements received from members of the public for and against the application (maximum six in total) will be read out together with any statement from the town and parish council, by an officer (but not the case officer), after the case officer has presented their report and before the application is debated by members of the Committee. It may be that not all of your statement will be read out if the same point has been made by another statement and already read to the Committee. This is to align with the pre-Covid-19 protocol which limited public speaking to 15 minutes per item, although the Chairman of the Committee will retain discretion over this time period as she/he sees fit. All statements received will be circulated to the Committee members before the meeting.
- 5. This addendum applies to members of public (whether objecting or supporting an application, town and parish councils, planning agents and applicants.
- 6. Councillors who are not on the Planning Committee may also address the Committee for up to 3 minutes by speaking to the Committee (rather than submitting a written statement). They need to inform Democratic Services of their wish to speak at the meeting two working days before the meeting.



Application Number:	2/2020/0406/OUT			
Webpage:	https://planning.dorsetcouncil.gov.uk/			
Site address:	Land south of Lower Road, Stalbridge Dorset			
Proposal:	Develop land by the erection of up to 114 No. dwellings and up to 2,000 square metres of employment space (for Business use (Class B1), with up to 1 No. Retail (Class A1) unit). Form vehicular and pedestrian access, form public open space and carry out associated works. (Outline application to determine access).			
Applicant name:	Land Value Alliances			
Case Officer:	Mr Robert Lennis			
Ward Member(s):	Cllr Graham Carr-Jones			

# 1.0 Reason this case is coming before Committee:

The applicant has appealed to the Planning Inspectorate for a decision on this application on the basis of non-determination. The Planning Inspectorate has agreed to consider this through a public inquiry later in the year.

Councillors are being asked to give an 'in principle' decision on this proposal which will be conveyed to the applicant and Planning Inspectorate.

Stalbridge has recently taken on a housing growth in excess of the current adopted Development Plan policies.

The Council is unable to demonstrate a five year housing land supply (HLS), and the latest Annual Monitoring Review shows we can only demonstrate 3.3 yrs HLS for the former North Dorset District council area.

# 2.0 Summary of recommendation:

That for the purposes of the appeal, the Council would, subject to the receipt of a satisfactory section 106 Agreement and the conditions (listed below), have granted this application.

#### 3.0 Reason for the recommendation:

- Absence of 5 year land supply;
- Para 11(d) of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) sets out that permission should be granted for sustainable development unless specific

policies in the NPPF indicate otherwise; or any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole.

- The location, adjacent to the settlement boundary of Stalbridge, is considered to be sustainable.
- There is not considered to be any significant harm to neighbouring residential amenity.
- The impact on landscape subsequent loss of countryside are not considered to be sufficient to warrant refusal in light of the current housing land supply.

# 4.0 Key planning issues

Issue	Conclusion
Principle of development	The Council is not able to demonstrate a five year housing land supply, therefore the 'presumption in favour of sustainable development' is in effect. The site is considered to be in a sustainable location, and the proposed development would aid toward reducing this housing supply shortfall.
Landscape character and appearance	The proposed development site is not within a designated landscape.
Impact on amenity	There would not be any adverse impact on existing neighbouring properties.
Highway, road network and traffic safety	No objections have been by the Highway Authority.
Flood risk	The Lead Local Flood Authority are satisfied that an adequate drainage scheme could be designed for this site and development.
Affordable house	Stalbridge does not have a local need of affordable housing, however there is a wider need for affordable housing which this scheme would help to address.
S106 financial contributions	The applicant has shown a willingness to negotiated off-site planning contributions as set out below to provide their fair share towards community facilities and services.

# 5.0 Description of Site

The site falls outside the settlement boundary of Stalbridge and is therefore located within the countryside. Stalbridge is located immediately to the north west of the site, with the areas closest to the site being predominantly two storey houses, with some bungalows.

The 5.67-hectare site is broadly triangular in shape, located to the south of Lower Road and currently comprises two agricultural fields. It is bounded on all sides by mature hedgerow, with a hedgerow running through the centre of the site, interspersed trees. A single-track lane runs along part of the western boundary, providing access to a residential property. A gas governor is located in the western corner of the site.

The ground rises gently from the south eastern corner towards the north-western corner. A public right of way runs along the site's south western boundary.

In terms of landscape the site is located within the Blackmore Vale and Clay Vale Landscape Character Areas.

The context of the site is also informed by recent planning permissions on adjacent sites. The site to the west has permission for 60no. dwellings (2/2017/1095/OUT) and the site to the north-east has permission for 120no. dwellings (2/2017/0741/OUT). These both have their respective reserved matters approved. Construction has commenced on the site to the north, and the site to the west is expected to commence by the end of the year.

Land to the south and east is currently undeveloped agricultural land in arable use.

# 6.0 Description of Development

Outline planning permission is sought for the principle of erecting up to 114no. residential dwellings and up to 2000 sqm of retail development. Only details of access are for consideration at this time; all other matters relating to layout, scale, appearance, and landscape are reserved for future detailed consideration.

An illustrative layout (titled Concept Masterplan) accompanies the application to show how the site could be developed.

The residential parcel of development would be accessed directly from Lower Road, with an internal loop road and residential development arranged in legible spaces. It is envisaged that the residential properties would comprise a mix of detached, semi-detached and terraced properties, predominantly two-stories in height, but with the potential for additional rooms within the roof space.

Affordable housing would be provided at a policy compliant 40% of the total number of dwellings. The exact mix and location to be determined at reserved matters stage.

Planning permission is also sought for an employment hub comprising flexible employment uses (commercial, business, or service). It is anticipated that a variety of employment spaces would be provided, which could attract a mixture of offices, start-up businesses and light industrial uses with up to one of the proposed units being provided in a form that would accommodate a small shop or café. The employment land is proposed in the north west corner of the site, with a dedicated vehicular access from Lower Road. Buildings are shown in an informal

"courtyard" arrangement with parking contained within the centre. Links are shown to pedestrian/cycle links and connectivity to the adjacent residential area.

An area of open space would be retained along the northern boundary. Pedestrian links are proposed in the southern corner and along the western boundary, linking into the existing public right of way. Pedestrian/cycle points are also proposed along Lower Road, in the north west corner and further to the east, which link in with existing footpaths.

Existing trees and hedgerows would be retained where possible particularly around the perimeter of the site and two mature trees within the site and incorporated into the layout which would help provide a focal point to the public open space in the future.

# 7.0 Relevant Planning History

None.

#### 8.0 List of Constraints

There are no statutory constraints to the site.

The trees on the site are covered by a tree preservation order (TPO-642-2020); request 15/06/2020 and confirmed 26/11/2020.

Request for EIA Screening Opinion under Section 6 of the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 to develop land by the erection of up to 150no. dwellings was made in 2019. The Local Planning Authority

conclude that the proposed development was not likely to have significant environmental impacts.

#### 9.0 Consultations

(all consultee responses can be viewed in full on the website)

Stalbridge Town Council

- Object.
- Prosed and unanimously agreed not to support the application on the following grounds:
  - Detriment to the rural amenity of the town & the adjoining countryside.
  - Concerns regarding the highways safety of the access to and from the A357 to Lower Road.
  - Concerns regarding the suitability and viability for the proposal of mixed residential and business use (Class B1) and retail (Class A1).
  - Concerns regarding the general sustainability of the scale of the development taking into account local need and infrastructure, and the social impacts related to significant growth.

- The Town Council has also submitted a Planning consultant's report as additional information supporting their objections.

# DC - Transport Development Management

- no objections subject to conditions

# DC - Flood Risk Manager - Highways

- no objections in-principle subject to conditions

# DC - County Archaeology Office

- no objections and no conditions necessary

# DC - Planning Obligations

- this site is not one of the sites in Stalbridge on which s106 prerequisites have previously been identified consistent with extant permissions and necessary to make the 'cumulative' developments r122 compliant. Accepting this is an additional site would expect any s106 agreement to be substantially in accordance, and equitable with other agreements in the area

# DC - Rights of Way Officer

- no objections subject to conditions and financial contributions towards to the enhancement and maintenance of the existing Rights of Way network, the enhancement and maintenance of Stalbridge Nature Reserve and the enhancement, maintenance and extension of the North Dorset Trailway, at the pro rata per dwelling rates previously agreed with the other developments in the Stalbridge area.

#### DC Environmental Health Officer

- no objections subject to conditions.

#### DC Policy Planning

- comments are incorporated into the Planning Appraisal below.

# DC Housing Enabling Officer (Affordable Housing)

- no objection; there is a high level of housing need across Dorset, however the applicant has not submitted a local needs assessment to establish the needs for Stalbridge, comments are incorporated into the Planning Appraisal below.

# DC Landscape Architect

- not able to support due to cumulative impacts, comments are incorporated into the Planning Appraisal below.

# DC Principal Technical Officer NDDC

- no comment

# DC Tree Officer Majors

- no objection subject to conditions

# DC Urban Design

- no response

# Dorset & Wiltshire Fire and Rescue Services

- no response

#### Dorset Police Architectural Liaison Officer

- no objection in principle; future design is recommended to comply with 'Secured By Design Homes 2019 guide'

# North Dorset Primary Care Trust

- no response

# **Dorset Clinical Commissioning Group 1**

- no response

#### **Dorset NHS**

- no response

# Natural England

- no response

# Wessex Water

- no response

# DC - Education Officer

- no response

#### DC - Natural Environment Team

- no response.

# 10.0 Representations received

There were fifteen representations received, including one from the CPRE (Campaign for the Protection of Rural England), raising concerns or objections relating to:

- Biodiversity/habitat
- Design
- Economic Benefits
- Effect on the Appearance of Area
- Flooding Issues
- Heritage
- Impact on Access
- Landscape
- Local or Government Policy (local needs assessment)
- Overlooking/Loss of Privacy
- Noise/Disturbance
- Public transport, and assimilating growth/cars
- Residential Amenity
- Road Safety

- Traffic or Highways
- Trees

#### 11.0 Relevant Policies

# North Dorset Local Plan Part 1 (LPP1)

- Policy 1 Presumption in favour of Sustainable Development
- Policy 2 Core Spatial Strategy
- Policy 3 Climate Change
- Policy 4 The Natural Environment
- Policy 6 Housing Distribution
- Policy 7 Delivering Homes
- Policy 8 Affordable Housing
- Policy 9 Rural Exception Affordable Housing
- Policy 11 The Economy
- Policy 12 Retail, Leisure, and Other Commercial Development
- Policy 13 Grey Infrastructure
- Policy 14 Social Infrastructure
- Policy 15 Green Infrastructure
- Policy 20 The Countryside
- Policy 23 Parking
- Policy 24 Design
- Policy 25 Amenity

#### Saved Policies North Dorset District Local Plan 2003

- Policy 1.7 - Settlement Boundaries

# National Planning Policy Framework

The following sections of the NPPF are considered to be most relevant:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Achieving sustainable development
- para 11. Plans and decisions should apply a presumption in favour of sustainable development.

# For **decision-taking** this means:

- c) approving development proposals that accord with an up-to-date development plan without delay; or
- d) where there are no relevant development plan policies, or the policies which are most important for determining the application are out-of-date<sub>7</sub>, granting permission unless:
  - i. the application of policies in this Framework that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a clear reason for refusing the development proposed<sub>6</sub>; or
  - ii. any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole.

# 4. Decision-making

- para 49. However in the context of the Framework and in particular the presumption in favour of sustainable development arguments that an application is premature are unlikely to justify a refusal of planning permission other than in the limited circumstances where both:
  - a) the development proposed is so substantial, or its cumulative effect would be so significant, that to grant permission would undermine the planmaking process by predetermining decisions about the scale, location or phasing of new development that are central to an emerging plan; and
  - b) the emerging plan is at an advanced stage but is not yet formally part of the development plan for the area.

# 5. Delivering a sufficient supply of homes

- para 77. In rural areas, planning policies and decisions should be responsive to local circumstances and support housing developments that reflect local needs. Local planning authorities should support opportunities to bring forward rural exception sites that will provide affordable housing to meet identified local needs, and consider whether allowing some market housing on these sites would help to facilitate this.

- 6. Building a strong, competitive economy
- 7. Ensuring the vitality of town centres
- 11. Making effective use of land
- 12. Achieving well designed places
- 14. Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change
- 15. Conserving and enhancing the natural environment

#### Other material considerations

The Dorset Historic Towns project report on Stalbridge.

National Character Areas (NCA) Profile:133 Blackmore Vale and Vale of Wardour (NE539)

The Blackmore Vale and Vale of Wardour National Character Area (NCA) comprises both the large expanse of lowland clay vale and the Upper Greensand terraces and hills that mark the southern and eastern edges of the NCA, and an area extending northwards from Penselwood around the edge of the Salisbury Plain and West Wiltshire Downs NCA.

Local Development Framework: Landscape Character Assessment, North Dorset District Council Evidence Base (March 2008)

- This document sets out: Key Characteristics, Landscape Description (Land shape and structure, and Settlement and land cover).
- The site is identified as follows:

Landscape Character Types	Landscape Character Areas
Clay Vale	Blackmore Vale

The Dorset Landscape (compiled by the former Dorset County Council:

- The document sets out: Location, Key characteristics, Management Objectives, and Key land management guidance.
- There is also a section which provides limited historical information.
- This site is identified as follows:

Landscape Character Type	
Clay Vale	

# 12.0 Human rights

Article 6 - Right to a fair trial.

Article 8 - Right to respect for private and family life and home.

The first protocol of Article 1 Protection of property.

This recommendation is based on adopted Development Plan policies, the application of which does not prejudice the Human Rights of the applicant or any third party.

# 13.0 Public Sector Equalities Duty

As set out in the Equalities Act 2010, all public bodies, in discharging their functions must have "due regard" to this duty. There are 3 main aims:-

- Removing or minimising disadvantages suffered by people due to their protected characteristics
- Taking steps to meet the needs of people with certain protected characteristics where these are different from the needs of other people
- Encouraging people with certain protected characteristics to participate in public life or in other activities where participation is disproportionately low.

Whilst there is no absolute requirement to fully remove any disadvantage the Duty is to have "regard to" and remove or minimise disadvantage and in considering the merits of this planning application the planning authority has taken into consideration the requirements of the Public Sector Equalities Duty.

# 14.0 Financial benefits, Draft S.106 Obligations

Obligation	Calculation	Total amount (based on 114 dwellings)
Affordable housing	To be provided in line with Council policy (40% of total dwellings).	
Allotment provision	£288 per dwelling	£32,832

	<u> </u>	
Biodiversity offsetting	TBC	N/A
Community, Leisure & Sports facilities	£2,110.16 per dwelling	£240,558.24
Play facilities Maintenance	£241.91 per dwelling	£27,577.74
Library Serviced Maintenance Mitigation	£75 per dwelling	£8,550
Local Nature Reserve Maintenance	£22.29 per dwelling	£2,541.06
Local Nature Reserve Mitigation	£190 per dwelling	£21,660
Pedestrian /Cycle Connectivity	ТВС	
Pre-school provision	£190 per dwelling	£21,660
Primary & Secondary Education	£6,094 per qualifying dwelling (i.e. 2+ bedrooms) – final figure TBC	£694,716 NB: Final figure TBC
Primary Care Services	£73 per dwelling	£8,322

Public Open Space	N/A	
Public Transport	ТВС	
Rights of Way Improveme nt	£154 per dwelling	£17,556
Trailway Strategic Project	£715.12 per dwelling	£81,523.68
Travel Plan	Clause to be drafted to specific Travel Plan	N/A
Total		£1,157,496.72 (final amount TBC)

# 15.0 Climate Implications

The applicant has not provided a 'climate implications' statement with their application.

# **16.0 Planning Assessment**

The main issues of this proposal are considered to be:

- Principle of development
- Affordable housing
- Design and character of the area
- Landscape impact and character of the area
- Highway safety
- Flood risk
- Commercial, business area
- Other matters

# Principle of development

With respect to determining this application, the following planning policies and material are considered to be relevant to whether this proposal is in principle acceptable. It should be appreciated, however, that there may be other policies and material considerations not referred to below that are also relevant to this case.

North Dorset District Council ceased to exist as a local authority area on 1 April 2019 and has been replaced by Dorset Council. However, the most recently adopted local plan that covers this application area is the North Dorset Local Plan Part 1 (LPP1) adopted in January 2016. As such, any references to North Dorset and the District refer to the area covered by the LPP1.

# **North Dorset Residential Monitoring**

The latest Annual Monitoring Report (published February 2021) for North Dorset sets out that at 1<sup>st</sup> April 2020 the District's deliverable housing land supply (DHLS) was 3.3 years. This position is slightly down from the previous year (4.0 years in April 2019), but is the same position as it was in April 2018.

Between April 2011 and March 2020, Stalbridge has seen 20 net completions (i.e. additions to existing stock).

The Census in 2011 recorded the number of dwellings in Stalbridge to be 1,244. Therefore, from a count of extant planning permission our evidence suggests that the number of dwellings in the town would cumulatively rise as follows:

Source	Net dwellings	Cumulative increase (%)	NPPF 'deliverable'
Completions 2011–2020	20	20 (2%)	Υ
Minor consents, April 2020	30	50 (4%)	Υ
Land at Lower Road (reserved matters consented)	120	170 (14%)	Υ
Land at Thornhill Road	60	230 (18%)	Υ
(reserved matters consented)			
Land south of Lower Road	114	344 (27%)	N

Regarding the information presented in the table above, on its own the proposed development would represent a 9% increase in the town from its size in 2011. However, it should also be seen in context with other applications that have been submitted to date. If everything that currently has planning permission is built out then the town would increase by 18%, and if this proposed scheme is also built out then the town would increase by 27%.

Note: there are also two other sites that are being proposed for major residential development in Stalbridge; one off Waterlake (up to 90no.) and one off Station Road (up to 130no.).

# North Dorset Local Plan Part 1 (2016)

In relation to the proposed residential development the following policies are considered to be most relevant.

Policy 1 (Presumption in favour of sustainable development) largely repeats the provisions of NPPF paragraph 11. The first sentence states: "When considering development proposals the Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework."

As noted above, the proposed development is outside the defined settlement boundaries for the District. According to LPP1 Policy 2 (Core Spatial Strategy), development in this area "will be subject to countryside policies where development will be strictly controlled unless it is required to enable essential rural needs to be met." The countryside policies are set out in Policies 9 and 20. However, due to the quantum of development this proposal seeks to address strategic needs for the Council and not to meet essential rural needs.

The site is located in the countryside adjacent to the settlement boundary for Stalbridge. Policy 2 states that these settlements "have been identified as the focus for growth to meet the local needs outside of the four main towns." The town of Stalbridge and the 18 larger villages formed the second tier of settlements in the District.

Policy 6 (Housing Distribution) states: "In the countryside (including Stalbridge and the villages) the level of housing and affordable housing provision will be the cumulative number of new homes delivered to contribute towards meeting identified local and essential rural needs." It specifies that "at least 825 dwellings" will be provided in the countryside over the plan period (2011-2031). This is about 14% of the total amount needed in the District.

Policy 8 (Affordable Housing) requires 40% of new residential developments in this part of the District to be 'affordable'. The application form for this application proposes 40% of the overall number of dwellings to be affordable, and therefore the development would comply with this policy.

Policy 20 (The Countryside) states:

Stalbridge and the eighteen larger villages will form the focus for growth outside of the four main towns. Development in the countryside outside defined settlement boundaries will only be permitted if:

- a) it is of a type appropriate in the countryside, as set out in the relevant policies of the Local Plan, summarised in Figure 8.5; or
- b) for any other type of development, it can be demonstrated that there is an 'overriding need' for it to be located in the countryside."

Residential schemes summarised in Figure 8.5 include rural exception schemes, occupations dwellings, re-use of heritage assets, re-use of redundant or disused buildings, and sites for gypsies, travellers and travelling showpeople. With respect to the appeal proposal for 144 dwellings, we do not consider that the proposed development meets either conditions (a) or (b).

For applications for new housing, Local Plan policies 2, 6 and 20 would normally be key considerations in terms of guiding location of development. However, as noted above, NPPF paragraph 11 and footnote 7 means that due to the lack of a 5-year deliverable housing land supply, local policies relating to housing supply should be considered 'out of date'. Therefore, they should carry limited weight and the decision should be taken primarily with reference to policies in NPPF.

Local Plan policies should not be ignored as they form part of the statutory development plan. Due weight should be given to local plan policies, "according to their degree of consistency with this Framework (the closer the policies in the plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given)" as set out in paragraph 213 of the NPPF.

# North Dorset Strategic Landscape and Heritage Study (LUC, 2019)

A Strategic Landscape and Heritage Study was originally commissioned in order to inform the North Dorset LPR. This was completed by LUC in 2019. Although work on the North Dorset LPR has ceased, this work remains relevant and has been used to inform the Dorset Council Local Plan (as described below).

The Study was conducted in two stages. Stage 1 was a desktop assessment of the broad areas that were identified in an North Dorset Issues and Options consultation. Areas that were not scoped out at Stage 1 were taken forward to Stage 2 for a more detailed assessment. The application site falls within Area of Search C, and this was carried forward for consideration as a possible area for housing growth. Stage 2 found that in both terms of landscape and heritage that the overall sensitivity of the site to low—moderate.

# **Dorset Council Local Plan (Options Consultation, January 2021)**

Following the formation of Dorset Council, work on a Dorset Council Local Plan has commenced. It is intended that this will entirely replace policies in the former district local plans when it is adopted. The adoption date is anticipated to be April 2023. The plan period of the Dorset Council Local Plan is proposed to be 2021 to 2038.

The Dorset Council Local Plan Options Consultation document was published on 18 January 2021 (with the public consultation running until 15 March 2021). The consultation document places Stalbridge in Tier 2 of the settlement hierarchy; these settlements are described as 'Towns and other main settlements'. The document proposes to divide Dorset into four functional areas, and in this respect it places Stalbridge into the northern area. Draft Policy DEV4 ('Growth in the northern Dorset functional area') states that in the northern area housing growth will be delivered through major urban extensions at Gillingham and Sherborne, and through "the more modest expansion of Shaftesbury and the smaller market towns of Sturminster Newton and Stalbridge."

Chapter 32 of the Options Consultation document focuses on Stalbridge. In terms of a vision, paragraph 32.2.1 states:

In 2038 Stalbridge will:

- retain its attractive historic character and continue to respect the character of the surrounding countryside, whilst delivering new homes to meet housing needs; and
- improve accessibility between shops, services and new homes, whilst acting as a local service centre in conjunction with neighbouring settlements.

Paragraph 32.2.2 sets out a summary of the proposed development strategy for Stalbridge. The following are the preferred site options for residential development:

Proposed allocation	Estimated dwellings	Current status
STAL2: East of Thornhill Road	60	Reserved matters for 60 dwellings granted Sept 2020.
STAL3: South of Station Road;	280	Outline application for 130 dwellings submitted.
STAL4: Land north of Lower Road	120	Reserved matters for 120 dwellings granted Aug 2019. Currently under construction.
STAL5: Land south of Lower Road	150	Outline app for 114 dwellings submitted.

It should be clear from the information in the above table that progress is being made on all these site options, indicating at the very least that they are all available for development. In total, these site options could deliver 610 dwellings in Stalbridge. In combination with the completions since 2011 and other minor extant consents (20 + 30 – see above) this would result in the town growing by over 50%.

Accompanying the Options Consultation is a Sustainability Appraisal. This undertakes a 360 degree appraisal of site options around Stalbridge (similar to the North Dorset LPR described above). The application site falls within Area C, and the SA concludes that this site is suitable for residential growth – a conclusion that is largely based on the findings of the LUC report.

There is no demonstrable local need for this development and the proposed scheme is technically in the countryside and therefore contrary to policies in the adopted Local Plan. However, in the absence of a 5-year housing land supply, paragraph 11(d) of NPPF states that permission should be granted unless (i) "the application of policies in this Framework ... provides a clear reason for refusing the development"; or (ii) "any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the Framework taken as a whole."

As Stalbridge is proposed to be a Tier 2 settlement, the plan proposes a moderate level of growth at the town in order to meet the housing needs of Dorset. While this site has been identified for growth the timing of this application circumvents the planning process. However, this must be seen in the context of the Council not being able to demonstrate a five year housing land supply and the presumption in favour of sustainable development.

Having considered the spatial options at Stalbridge, the January 2021 Options Consultation document proposes four large allocations for residential development at Stalbridge. Two already with reserved matters approved and are about to commence development. While the proposed development strategy set out in the draft Dorset Council Local Plan would currently carry limited weight (as the plan is at an early stage of production), the evidence base underpinning it, in particular the LUC Landscape and Heritage Study (2019) should carry moderate weight in our view. As such, we could support the of this application.

# Affordable housing

Below is the latest housing need record for Stalbridge from the housing register. These will mainly be a need for rented housing, shared ownership applications are moving towards using the help to buy model.

Row Labels	INELIG	BRONZE	SILVER	GOLD	EC	(blank)	Grand Total
Single person requiring studios or 1 bedroom		11	5	5	1		22
Couple requiring studios or 1 bedroom		4					4
Family requiring 2 bedrooms	1	11	5				17
Family requiring 3 bedrooms		3	4				7
Family requiring 4 bedrooms		2	1				3
(blank)							
Grand Total	1	31	15	5	1		53

(Ineligible are only able to apply for low cost home ownership, EC is emergency category).

The deliverable housing will be providing 108 affordable homes (60 Thornhill + 48 Lower Rd). This would be more than double the current local need of 53 dwellings.

# Design and character of the area

As this is an outline application with matters relating to design reserved. The one matter that may give an indication about design and character is density. However, skilful design, and a mix of housing types could provide for a wide variety of housing density. That said, a comparison to three adjacent development has been carried out for comparison.

- Thornhill Road60 dwellings/ 2.0ha = 30dph
- Lower Road (north)120 dwellings/ 6.42ha = 18.7dph
- Springfields +96 dwellings/ 6.43ha = 28.0dph

The illustrative parameters plan submitted with the application shows an outer residential density of 30dph for 66 dwellings, and an inner residential density for the site of 37dph for 48 dwellings.

In this countryside/edge of settlement location a lower density overall would help better transition from urban to rural environment. This could be achieved by reducing the amount of commercial space being allocated or by reducing the number of dwellings.

# Landscape impact and character of the area

Your Landscape Architect has considered the impact of the proposed development. There is a clear difference between individual impacts and cumulative impact upon the landscape. In conclusion she has stated "The cumulative landscape and visual effects of the proposals combined with the cumulative baseline lead me to conclude that the effects on receptors will pass an acceptable threshold. The magnitude of change/increase in size of the settlement will have an adverse impact on the character of the wider Blackmore Vale, which is a valued landscape with strong literary associations and conservation and recreational value. It will not be possible to mitigate the cumulative landscape and visual impacts satisfactorily.

On this basis, I am not able to support this application due to cumulative adverse effect on the character of a valued landscape. The development will not comply with paragraphs 127 and 170 of the NPPF, or the requirements of Policy 4 of the North Dorset Local Plan."

The harm being described is predicated on a cumulative impact. The harm to individual receptors will not meet the threshold of significantly harmful. It is considered that this judgement of harm to local landscape is tenuous and weighted on this being a 'valued landscape'.

The applicant has provided a rebuttal to these comments which state in part "The Council have been inconsistent in the way they have applied 'valued landscape' judgements. Their approach overstates the representativeness, conservation interest and recreational value of the site and its surroundings. Whilst the site is typical in terms of the occurrence of features, it does not contain the especially important or rare landscape resources as found within the AONB. There is an abundance of this pastoral character and nothing exceptional associated with the settlement fringe location. Conservation interests should consider the interplay between ecological, historical and cultural aspects; however, the Council's assessment just focuses upon the surrounding heritage context, with reference to undocumented and non-designated 'parkland setting'. Recreationally, the accessibility to the local landscape

is typical. There are no large expanses of open access land or visitor attractions, just a network of connecting PRoW."

It is considered that the harm to this local landscape is insufficient on its own to refuse this application.

# Highway safety

The Transportation Development Liaison Manager has made the following comments about this proposal.

"The proposed access serving the residential portion of the development would be located just east of the Lower Road/Springfields junction and would take the form of a standard priority junction. This junction is indicated on Dwg No 194687-A02 Rev A which shows that visibility splays will be provided that fully accord with the recommendation of Manual for Streets (MfS).

It is intended that the employment allocation would be served from a separate vehicular access sited to the west of the Lower Road/Springfields junction and would also take the form of a standard priority junction. This junction also provides visibility splays that conform with MfS guidance. This junction is shown on Dwg No 194687-A01 Rev A.

Both of these new junctions have been assessed using the latest industry standard PICADY software by TRL, Junctions 9. The modelling work confirms that both accesses would operate with over 90% spare capacity during both the AM and PM peak hours.

A pedestrian access is proposed from the north western corner of the site and would provide a dedicated pedestrian access and a dropped kerb and tactile paving crossing over Lower Road. This would connect to the existing footpath provision which runs along the northern side of Lower Road and is shown on Dwg No 194687-A02 Rev A.

The concept masterplan (Dwg No 3202C) also shows a pedestrian access at the eastern corner of the site frontage onto Lower Road. The Highway Authority suggests that this is removed from the proposals as it presents safety issues with pedestrians entering the pubic highway at a location with no pedestrian refuge or link to another footway/right-of-way. The need for it is questioned.

The internal estate road layout and associated car parking, etc, will be considered at the reserved matters stage. The applicant has confirmed that vehicle and cycle parking would be provided in accordance with Dorset Council guidance.

The proposal is supported by a Transport Assessment (TA) that investigates the likely transport impact of the development. It also considers the sustainability of the development in terms of accessibility to and from the site....

The proposed residential development is anticipated to generate up to 54 two-way vehicular trips in the AM peak period (08:00 to 09:00) and up to 50 two-way vehicular trips in the PM peak period (17:00 to 18:00).

The proposed employment development is anticipated to generate up to 49 two-way vehicular trips in the AM peak period (08:00 to 09:00) and up to 44 two-way vehicular trips in the PM peak period (17:00 to 18:00).

Hence, the predicted trip for the development proposal as a whole will be up to 103 two-way vehicular trips in the AM peak, up to 94 in the PM peak and 795 two-way trips daily.

The Transport Assessment.... indicated that there is ample capacity at each of the junctions. It is accepted that there have been no significant changes to traffic flows in the area and, consequently, the conclusion reached cannot be challenged.

The applicant's Highway Consultant provided further analysis of a number of other critical locations on the wider highway network at the request of the Highway Authority, namely, the junction of the A357/Grove Lane/Station Road, the A30/A357 junction and Stalbridge Town Centre. The accepted findings were that the network will continue to operate efficiently should the development traffic be introduced onto it.

The Highway Consultant was also asked to investigate the use of the Ring Street/A357/Lower Road junction by large service vehicles, allowing for the fact that the proposed development includes employment and retail uses. Whilst they indicated that the proposal would be unlikely to attract anything larger than a 7.5t box van, they carried out a swept path analysis for both this size of vehicle and a maximum legal length HGV (16.5m), proving that both vehicles can safely manoeuvre through this junction.

The application is also supported by a Framework Travel Plan which provides guidance on the production and implementation of a Site Travel Plan for residents and employees on occupation.

Bearing the above in mind, the Highway Authority is of the opinion that there are no highway safety issues presented by the proposal or any residual cumulative impacts on the road network that can be recognised to be "severe", when consideration is given to paragraph 109 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) - February 2019."

#### Flood risk

The Council's Flood Risk Management team has considered the information submitted by the application. In particular they have noted: "...For continuity we reiterate that the site of the proposal is shown to fall within Flood Zone 1, as indicated by the Environment Agency's (EA) indicative flood maps and as such is at no modelled fluvial flood risk. Whilst according to the EA's Risk of Flooding from SW (RoFfSW) mapping, there is no modelled risk of surface water flooding on site up to

the 1-in-100 year event with only some small areas of ponding during the 1-in-1000 year rainfall event....

Following our comments, and in addition to any previous submissions, we note that the applicant has now provided the following:

 Lower Road, Stalbridge Flood Risk Assessment Addendum by Vectos (194687) – 22nd July 2020

The document referenced above provides explanation as to why the existing nearby ditch would not be suitable point of discharge for the surface water runoff from the site..."

In light of the submitted details, there is no in-principle objection to the proposed development subject conditions and compliance with the (conceptual) drainage strategy that has been outlined.

# Commercial, business area

In the Dorset Local Plan Consultation, the commercial needs for Stalbridge are characterised as follows as a Town Centre Strategy:

- 32.4.2 Stalbridge acts as a 'District Centre' within the hierarchy of centres. It is anticipated that there is a limited need for new retail floor space in Stalbridge over the plan period with a projected need for around 50 m2 of convenience goods floor space and around 120 m2 of comparison goods floor space.
- 32.4.3 The historic character of the conservation area and the density and pattern of existing development mean there are limited opportunities for additional retail development within the town centre. This lack of availability coupled with the uncertainty associated with the future projected need for retail floorspace lead to a situation where it is considered unnecessary to allocate additional space for retail expansion in the town. Any additional need could be addressed through take up of vacant units, the extension of existing units, infill development and/or potential change of use applications.
- 32.4.4 Due to the fragility of the retail offer in Stalbridge, additional retail provision away from the centre has the potential to have a significant impact on the existing units. For this reason, development outside the town centre, as identified on the policies map, will be resisted.

This characterisation is accurate, and for these reasons support for anything more than a corner-shop would not be given.

#### Other matters

The applicant's Ecological Consultant has provided an ecological impact assessment which sets out the findings of a desk study and phase 1 habitat survey at the

application site. It concluded that "Habitat features within the application site are considered to be of low ecological value (principally hedgerows and some occasional mature trees) with the proposals at least maintaining, if not enhancing, the biodiversity value of the application site through creation of new habitats (e.g. pond, species-rich grassland)... there are considered to be no overriding ecological constraints that would preclude implementation of the proposals."

# 16.0 Planning Balance

The proposals would increase the choice and supply of housing within the district and help to reduce the serious shortfall in supply. In addition, the affordable dwellings would assist in meeting the housing needs of those living within the area and would be conveniently located for services and facilities.

When the development commences there would be support for the construction industry, including employment provision. Upon occupation of the dwellings there would be additional household expenditure within the local economy, Council tax payments and the New Homes Bonus.

Some of the contributions contained within the section 106 Agreement, such as the Trailway Strategic Project and primary care services, would have wider economic or social benefits. In addition, the proposed play areas, allotments, enhanced cycle routes would amount to social benefits of the proposal.

The proposal would also provide some limited environmental benefits in terms of new hedgerows and other landscape planting, as well as some modest enhancements to biodiversity.

The totality of the above noted public benefits carries considerable weight in the planning balance.

When the above are weighed together, the lack of a 5yrHLS and the persistent shortfall of housing in North Dorset year on year are problematic. The proposed new housing, especially the quantum of affordable dwellings, tips the balance in the proposal. In this instance, the less than substantial harm to local landscape is not sufficient to outweigh the public benefits.

#### 17.0 Recommendation

That for the purposes of the appeal, the Council would, subject to the receipt of a satisfactory section 106 Agreement and the conditions (listed below), have granted this application.

1. No part of the development hereby approved shall commence until details of all reserved matters layout, appearance, scale, and landscaping have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure the satisfactory development of the site.

2. The development to which this permission relates must be begun not later than the expiration of two years from the final approval of the reserved matters or, in the case of approval on different dates, the final approval of the last such matter to be approved.

Reason: This condition is required to be imposed by Section 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

3. An application for approval of any 'reserved matter' must be made not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

Reason: This condition is required to be imposed by Section 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

4. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans: 1001B, Site Boundary Plan, 194687-A02 Rev A and Dwg No 194687-A01 Rev A.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

5. No development must commence until details of the access, geometric highway layout, turning and parking areas have been submitted to and agreed in writing by the Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure the proper and appropriate development of the site.

6. Prior to the occupation of any dwelling hereby approved a scheme showing precise details of the proposed cycle parking facilities shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The agreed scheme must be constructed before the development is occupied and, thereafter, must be maintained, kept free from obstruction and available for the purpose specified.

Reason: To ensure the proper construction of the parking facilities and to encourage the use of sustainable transport modes.

7. Prior to occupation of any dwelling hereby approved the visibility splay areas as shown on the submitted plans must be cleared/excavated to a level not exceeding 0.6 metres above the relative level of the adjacent carriageway. The splay areas must thereafter be maintained and kept free from all obstructions.

Reason: To ensure that a vehicle can see or be seen when exiting the access.

- 8. Prior to occupation of any dwelling hereby approved the following works must have been constructed:
  - The provision of a dedicated pedestrian access and a dropped kerb and tactile paving crossing over Lower Road at the north western corner of the site.
  - The vehicular accesses to the development site show.

Reason: These specified works are seen as a pre-requisite for allowing the development to proceed, providing the necessary highway infrastructure improvements to mitigate the likely impact of the proposal.

- 9. Prior to commencement of any development on site a Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Planning Authority. The CTMP shall include as a minimum:
  - construction vehicle details (number, size, type and frequency of movement)
  - a programme of construction works and anticipated deliveries
  - timings of deliveries so as to avoid, where possible, peak traffic periods a framework for managing abnormal loads
  - contractors' arrangements (compound, storage, parking, turning, surfacing and drainage)
  - wheel cleaning facilities
  - vehicle cleaning facilities
  - a scheme of appropriate signing of vehicle route to the site
  - a route plan for all contractors and suppliers to be advised on
  - temporary traffic management measures where necessary

The development must be carried out strictly in accordance with the approved Construction Traffic Management Plan.

Reason: to minimise the likely impact of construction traffic on the surrounding highway network and prevent the possible deposit of loose material on the adjoining highway.

- 10. Prior to occupation of any dwelling hereby approved, a Travel Plan must be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Planning Authority. The Travel Plan, as submitted, shall include as a minimum:
  - Targets for sustainable travel arrangements.
  - Effective measures for the on-going monitoring of the Travel Plan.
  - A commitment to delivering the Travel Plan objectives for a period of at least five years from 50% occupation of the development.
  - Effective mechanisms to achieve the objectives of the Travel Plan by the occupiers of the development
  - The development must be implemented only in accordance with the approved Travel Plan.

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Reason: In order to reduce or mitigate the impacts of the development upon the local highway network and surrounding neighbourhood by reducing reliance on the private car for journeys to and from the site.

11. No development shall take place until a detailed and finalised surface water management scheme for the site, based upon the hydrological and hydrogeological context of the development, has been submitted to, and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The surface water scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the submitted details before the development is completed.

Reason: To prevent increased risk of flooding and to improve and protect water quality.

12. No development shall take place until details of maintenance & management of both the surface water sustainable drainage scheme and any receiving system have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The scheme shall be implemented and thereafter managed and maintained in accordance with the approved details. These should include a plan for the lifetime of the development, the arrangements for adoption by any public body or statutory undertaker, or any other arrangements to secure the operation of the surface water drainage scheme throughout its lifetime.

Reason: To ensure future maintenance of the surface water drainage system, and to prevent the increased risk of flooding.

- 13.A condition would be required to limit the upper amount of proposed retail floor space to ensure that any potential impact on the centre of Stalbridge is kept to an acceptable level. The appellant has confirmed that the retail element of the proposed non residential use would be a local store format of limited retail floor area. The exact size of the retail element has not yet been agreed, however the Appellant has stated that there would be no objection to the inclusion of such a condition.
- 14. No development shall take place until an ecological design strategy (EDS) addressing mitigation, compensation, enhancement, restoration has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

The EDS shall include, where appropriate, the following:

- a) Purpose and conservation objectives for the proposed works.
- b) Review of site potential and constraints.
- c) Detailed design(s) and/or working method(s) to achieve stated objectives.
- d) Extent and location/area of proposed works on appropriate scale maps and plans.
- e) Type and source of materials to be used where appropriate, e.g. native species of local provenance.
- f) Timetable for implementation demonstrating that works are aligned with the proposed phasing of development.

- g) Persons responsible for implementing the works.
- h) Details of initial aftercare and long-term maintenance.
- i) Details for monitoring and remedial measures.
- j) Details for disposal of any wastes arising from works.

The EDS shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details and all features shall be retained in that manner thereafter.

Reason: To mitigate, compensate and enhance/provide net gain for impacts on biodiversity.

